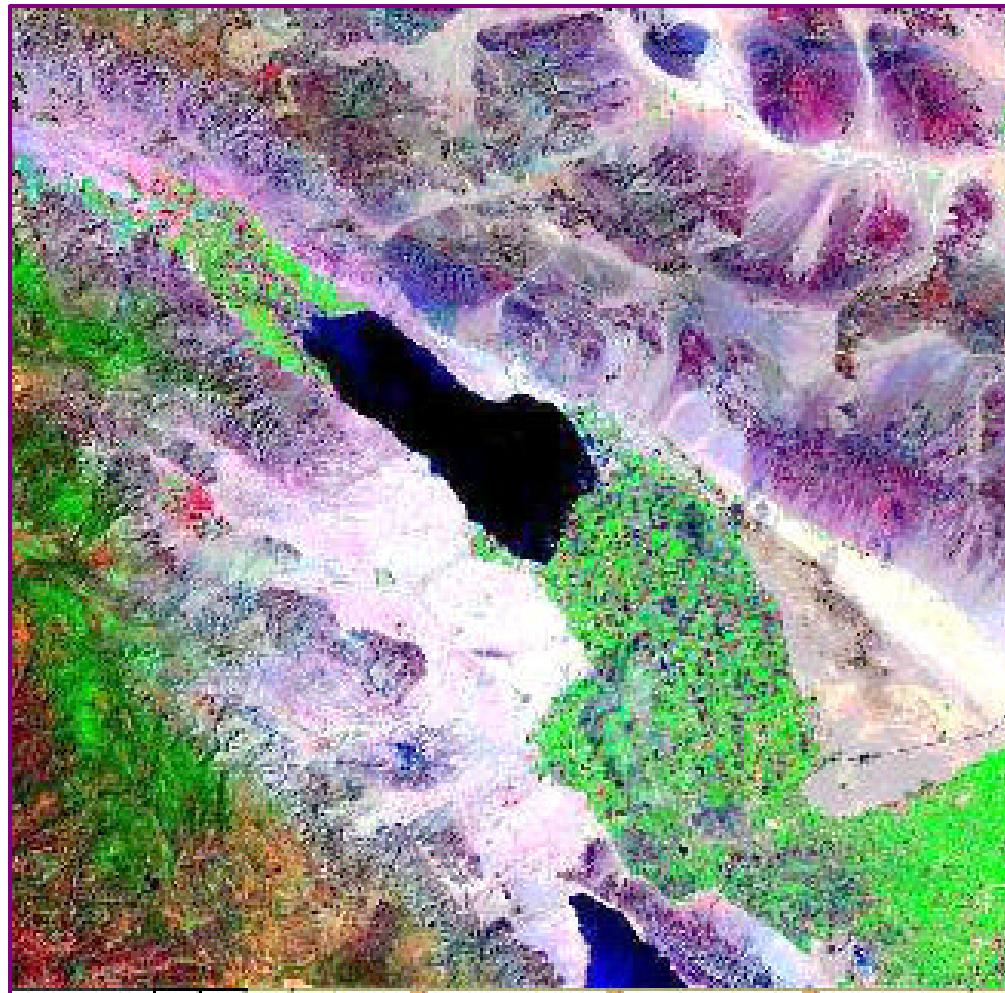
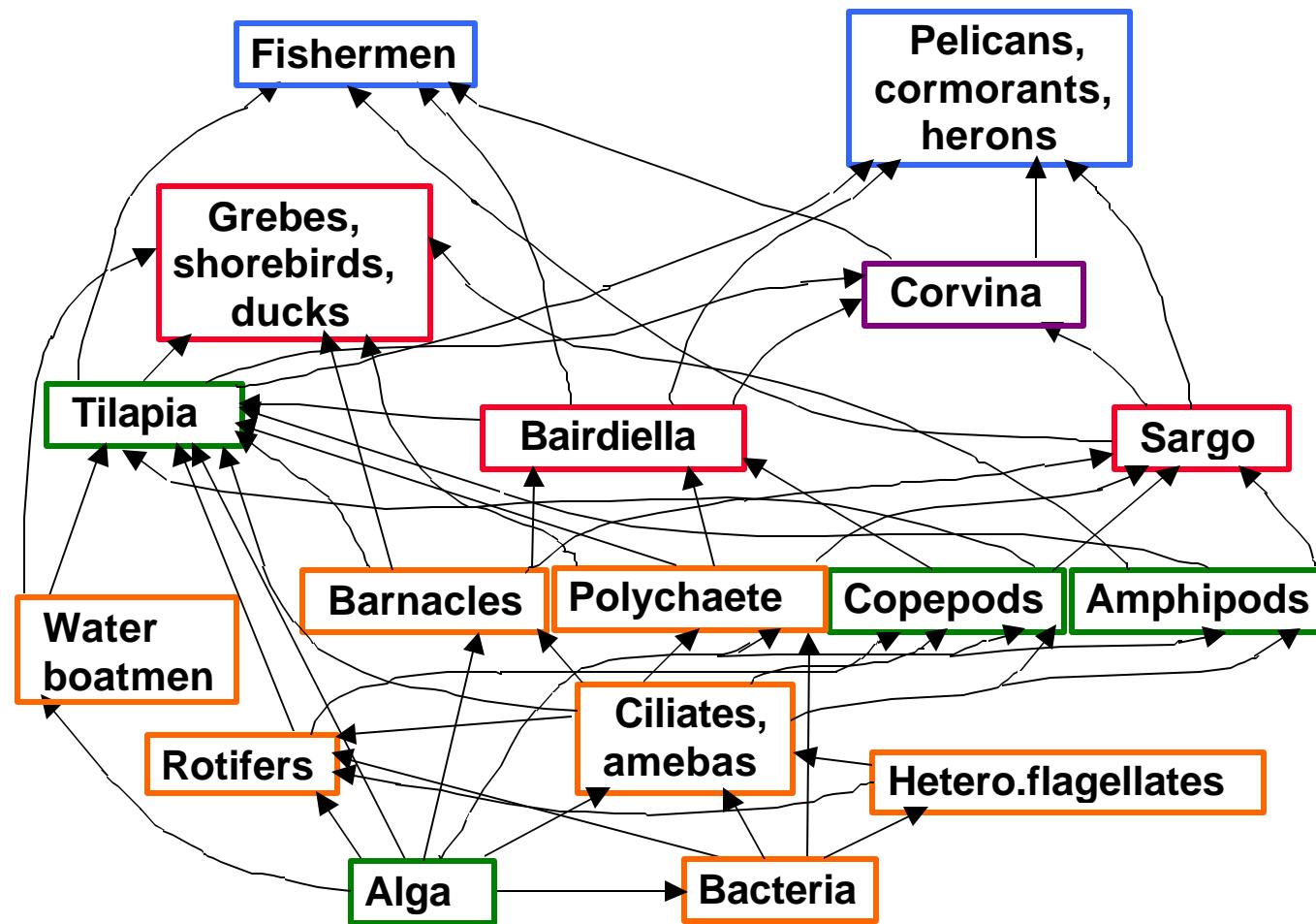


Salton Sea Ecology and Salinity Effects

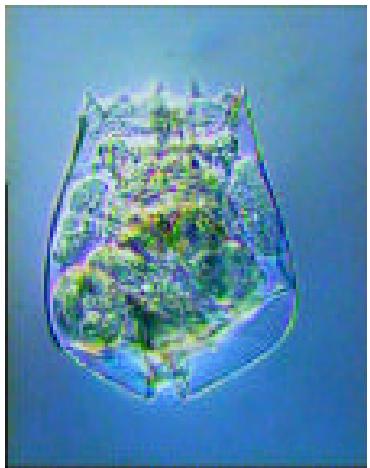
**Stuart H. Hurlbert
San Diego State University**



Salton Sea Food Web



Metazoans



Rotifer (*Brachionus*)



Rotifer (*Synchaeta*)



Worm larva and egg (*Neanthes*)



Copepod (*Apocyclops*)



Barnacle larva (*Balanus*)



Fish egg

Dinoflagellates



Heterocapsa



Gyrodinium



Scrippsiella



Gonyaulax



Oblea



Protoperidinium



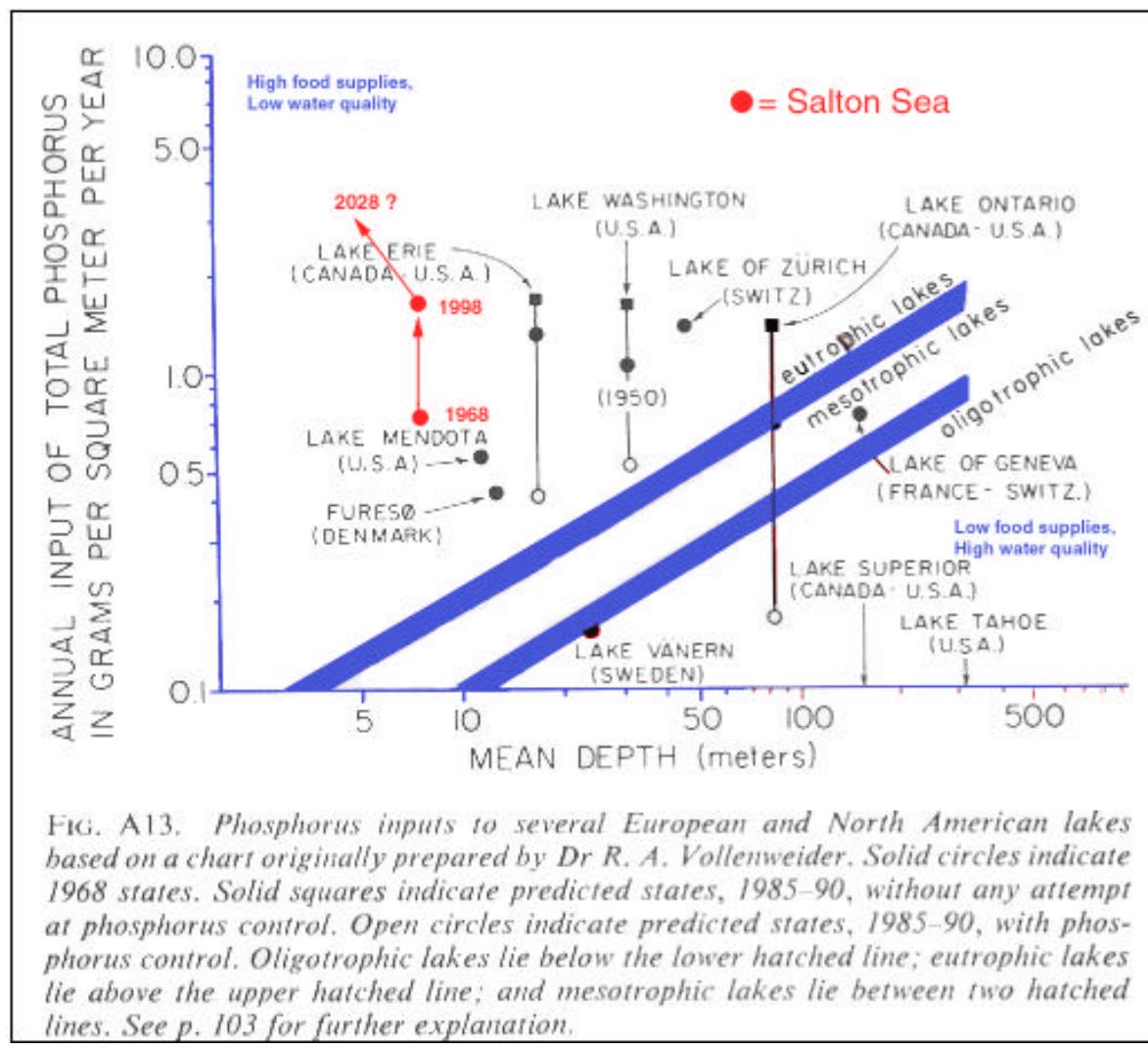
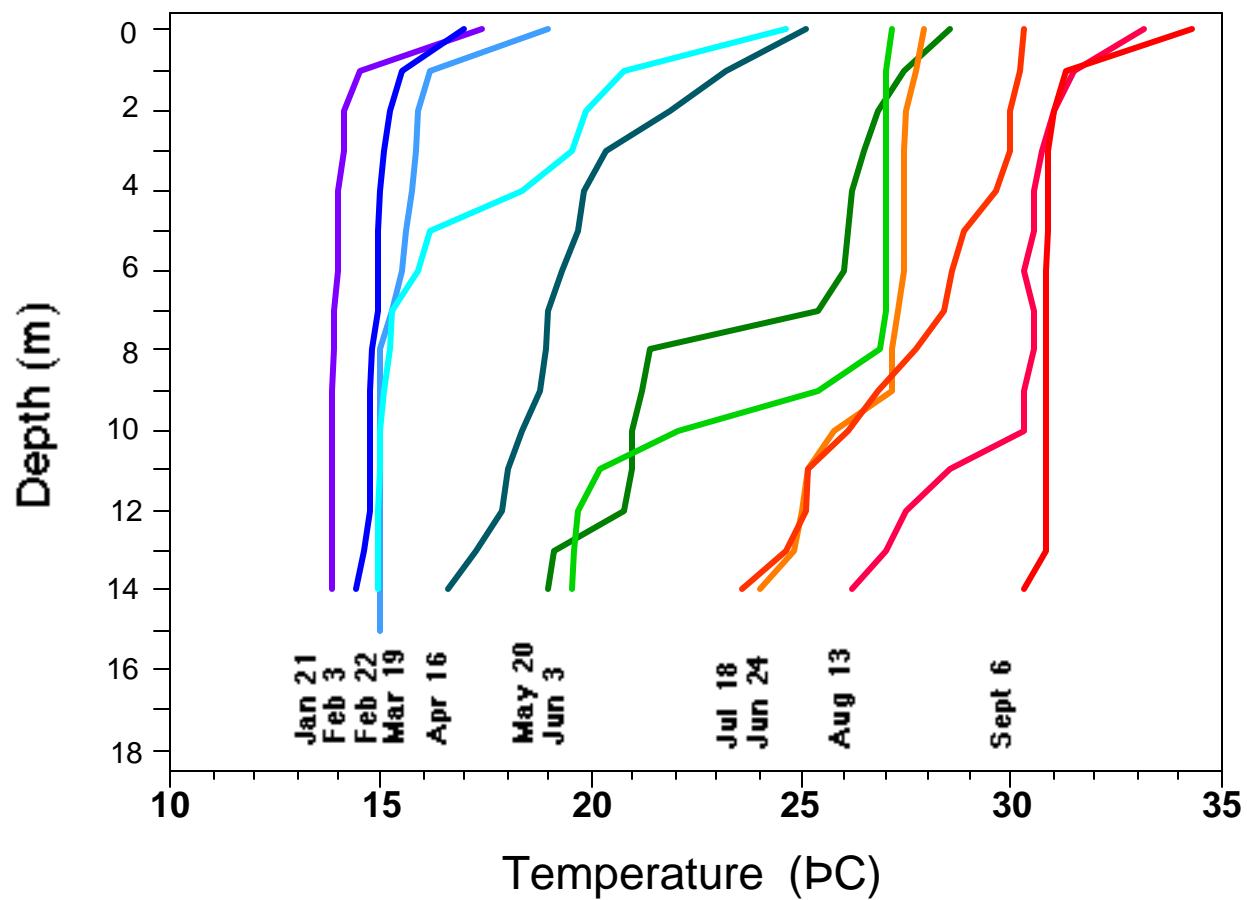


FIG. A13. Phosphorus inputs to several European and North American lakes based on a chart originally prepared by Dr R. A. Vollenweider. Solid circles indicate 1968 states. Solid squares indicate predicted states, 1985-90, without any attempt at phosphorus control. Open circles indicate predicted states, 1985-90, with phosphorus control. Oligotrophic lakes lie below the lower hatched line; eutrophic lakes lie above the upper hatched line; and mesotrophic lakes lie between two hatched lines. See p. 103 for further explanation.

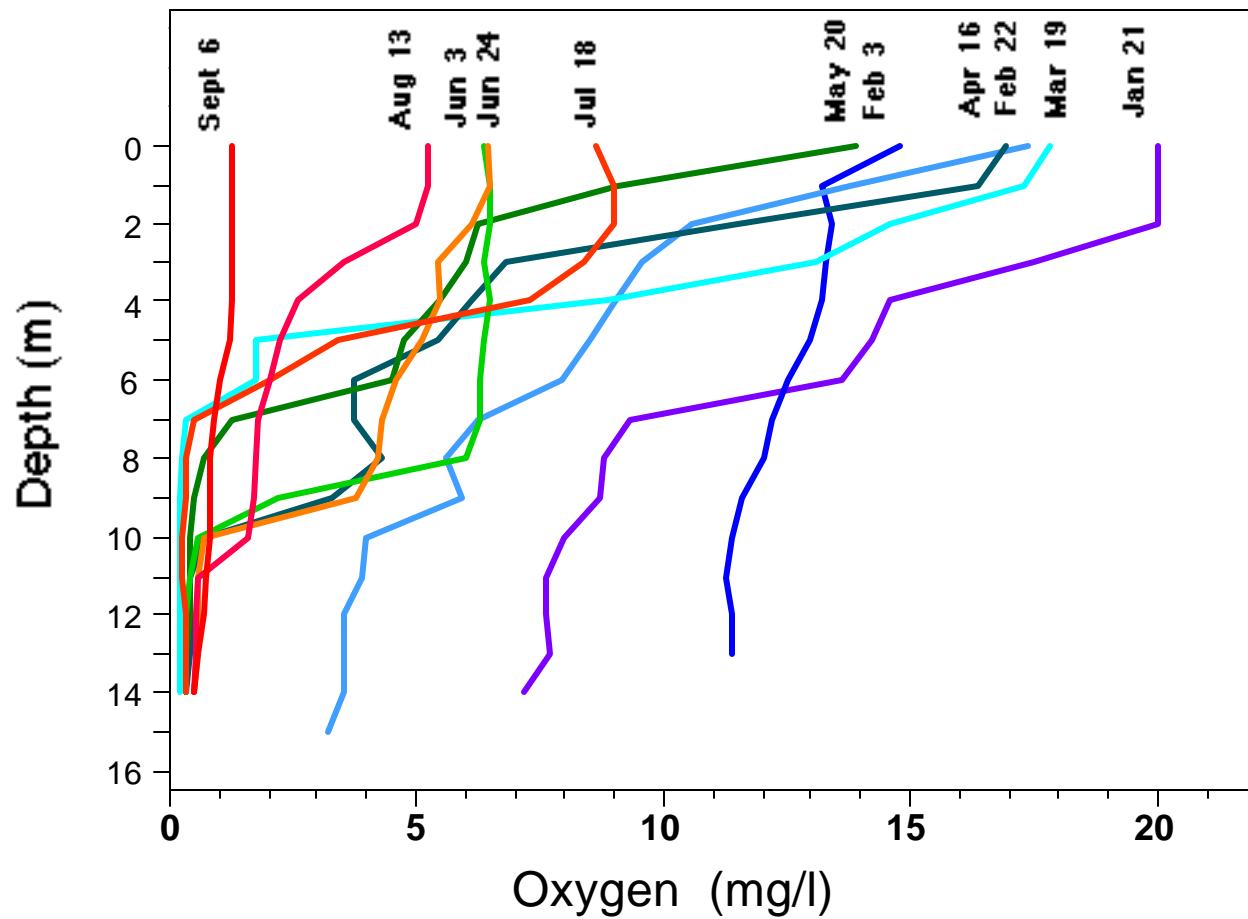
SALTON SEA TEMPERATURE PROFILES

Jan - Sept 1997

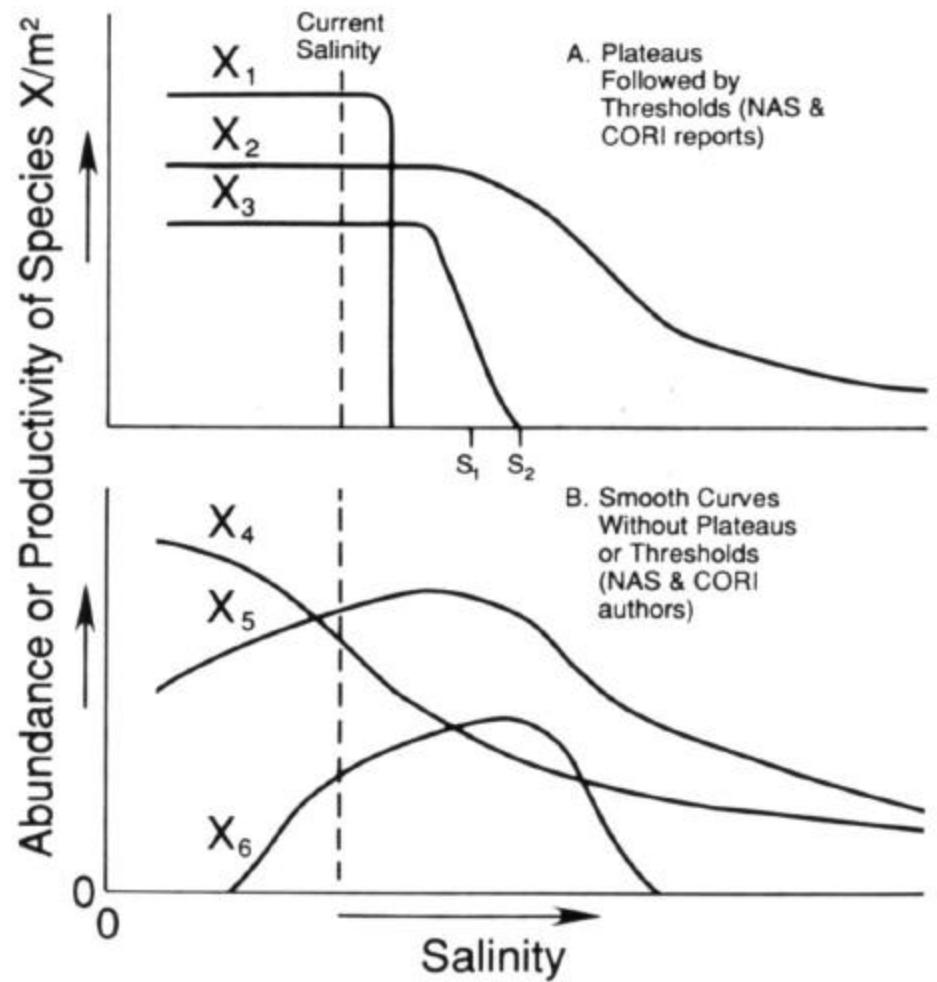


SALTON SEA OXYGEN PROFILES

Jan - Sept 1997



TWO VIEWS OF HOW SALINITY AFFECTS MONO LAKE POPULATIONS



Comparison of (A) the types of salinity effect models implicit in the NAS and CORI reports, and (B) those expected on the basis of physiological and ecological principles.